



Cover: still from Christoph Girardet's Release, 1996, from the Hirshhorn's collection. Image courtesy the artist; center page: still from Rodney Graham's Rheinmetall/Victoria 8, 2003. Image courtesy Donald Young Gallery, Chicago; above: still from Teresa Hubbard/Alexander Birchler's *Eight,* 2001. Image courtesy the artists and Tanya Bonakdar Gallery, New York.

Generous support for The Cinema Effect is provided by The Broad Art Foundation and the Audrey and Sydney Irmas Charitable Foundation with assistance from Marion Boulton Stroud, Lorie Peters Lauthier, the British Council, the Holenia Trust in memory of Joseph H. Hirshhorn, the Friends of Jim and Barbara Demetrion Endowment Fund, and the Hirshhorn's Board of Trustees. In-kind support was provided by Sony Electronics Inc. The catalogue was made possible in part by the Elizabeth Firestone Graham Foundation and Barbara and Aaron Levine.

Smithsonian Hirshhorn Museum and Sculpture Garden



## The Cinema Effect Illusion, Reality, and the Moving Image

Part I: Dreams will be on view February 14–May 11, 2008 Part II: *Realisms* will be on view June 19–September 7, 2008 hirshha

## **Programs**

February 14, 7 pm, Ring Auditorium Meet the Artist: Tony Oursler

February 15, 12:30 pm, Ring Auditorium In Conversation: co-curator Kelly Gordon with artist Kelly Richardson

February 23, 2 pm, Ring Auditorium Co-curator Kerry Brougher on The Cinema Effect

March 7, 12:30 pm, meet at the Information Desk Friday Gallery Talk: American University media professor Randall Packer

March 27, 7 pm, Ring Auditorium Meet the Artist: Teresa Hubbard/Alexander Birchler

April 12, 2 pm, Ring Auditorium Dietrich Neumann on the Illuminated Building

May 9, 12:30 pm, meet at the Information Desk Friday Gallery Talk: artist Michael Bell-Smith

May–June, AFI Silver Theatre, Silver Spring, MD To coincide with the exhibition, AFI Silver Theatre will screen a survey of Jean-Luc Godard's influential works, including *Alphaville*, 1965. For more details, visit www.AFI.com/Silver

For more information, please visit our website at www.hirshhorn.si.edu

## The Cinema Effect Dreams

Darren Almond Chiho Aoshima Michael Bell-Smith **Bruce Conner** Tacita Dean Stan Douglas Douglas Gordon Rodney Graham Hubbard/Birchler Anthony McCall Saskia Olde Wolbers Tony Oursler Kelly Richardson Wolfgang Staehle Andy Warhol

"When you walk along the street, you're in a movie; when you have a row, you're in a movie.... When you skim stones over the water, buy a newspaper, park your car, line up in a McDonald's, stand on a rooftop looking down, meet a friend, joke in the pub, wake suddenly in the night or fall asleep dead drunk, you're in a movie."

—Stephen Fry, Making History

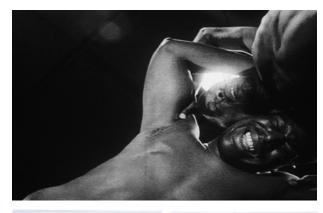


The cinema was the unrivaled art form of the twentieth century. Film, as well as later incarnations like television and the internet, has penetrated to the culture's core so that the very boundaries between "real life" and make-believe have become at least blurred, if not indecipherable. Today, the cinema is everywhere—it is in the way we perceive our world, in the way we speak, in the way we dream. We have no need of entering a movie theater to experience cinema; life itself is just like a movie.

Artists have increasingly explored this phenomenon in their film and video work, and use film language and devices to explore the impact of the cinematic on our perceptions of what is real and what is illusion.

In *Dreams*, artists employ and evoke the technology and techniques of the cinema to recall the dream-like state induced by film viewing, transporting viewers out of their daily lives to a place where definitions and understandings of reality are questioned. Akin to the kind of journey visitors to an amusement park might take on a dark ride—in which they willingly suspend disbelief and immerse themselves in the fantasy presented—or to a voyeuristic step through a curtain into another world, like Alice entering Wonderland, the cinema has always had the ability to affect viewers in powerful ways.

Some artists focus their attention on the very apparatus of filmmaking and how it has the potential to become "such stuff as dreams are made on"—like when Douglas Gordon quite literally provides a chance to go behind the curtain and both establishes and challenges illusion with his projection of a red stage curtain onto fabric that viewers may pass through; when Rodney Graham





Inside: still from Douglas Gordon's *Off Screen*, 1998. Image © Douglas Gordon and Fundação Centro Cultural de Belém, Lisbon. Courtesy Museu Berardo, Lisbon. Photo by Simon Starling; still from Steve McQueen's *Bear*, 1993, from the Hirshhorn's collection. Image courtesy the artist; still from Siebren Versteeg's *Neither There Nor There*, 2005, from the Hirshhorn's collection. Image courtesy Rhona Hoffman Gallery, New York.



concentrates on the notion of obsolescence with his mesmerizing elegy to the Rheinmetall typewriter shown using a massive Victoria 8 projector, itself already an artifact of cinema's past; when Bruce Conner creates his reverie-inducing film montages; or when Anthony McCall makes viewers part of his film as they are immersed within a white beam of projected light and their shadows interact with the lines and shapes on the wall. Harun Farocki and Gary Hill each direct attention to the power of the small screen—through a set of television monitors—to shift images and viewers' perceptions of reality across both time and space: Farocki with a series of excerpts showing workers leaving a factory in each of eleven decades and Hill with intertwining footage shot at different dates on two coasts of his own body and that of his girlfriend.

For others, it is the experience of dreams—the journey from waking to sleeping and dreaming and, finally, the return to consciousness—that is at the core of their work. Andy Warhol overtly explored the relationship between film and sleep as well as film's ability both to document and to manipulate elements of everyday life, like a night's sleep (his film, composed of edited segments of John Giorno sleeping, extending to nearly five and a half hours). Both Stan Douglas and Darren Almond explicitly take visitors on this dream journey in their films. Douglas emphasizes the associations between dreams and trains as well as those between cinema and trains by using existing footage of an engine weaving its way through the Canadian Rockies and superimposing over it narrative excerpts from Marcel Proust's novel *Remembrance of Things Past* that echo the transporting qualities of both film and dreams. Almond quite literally propels



Still from Saskia Olde Wolbers's *Trailer*, 2005. Image courtesy Maureen Paley, London; detail of still from Michael Bell-Smith's *Up and Away*, 2006, from the Hirshhorn's collection. Image courtesy the artist and Foxy Production, New York. viewers on a ride in his frantic, strobe-lit, techno-pop journey through an actual dark ride at an amusement park. Mining the darker recesses of the dream state, Steve McQueen, Christoph Girardet, and Tony Oursler convey viewers to a place where ambiguous encounters wait around every corner. McQueen layers a complex set of potential meanings onto what, on the surface, appears to be a shadowy wrestling match between two men; Girardet appropriates an iconic moment from *King Kong* and suspends Fay Wray at the height of her hysteria, that nightmarish moment when she first views Kong; and Tony Oursler fabricates creatures that appear at unexpected moments to haunt and taunt viewers.

It is the disjointed narratives so common to dreams that seem to have engaged artists like Teresa Hubbard/Alexander Birchler and Saskia Olde Wolbers, who communicate their own distinctive stories, while others such as Chiho Aoshima, Kelly Richardson, Michael Bell-Smith, and Siebren Versteeg manipulate digital technology to present their own wonderlands—each adding their own twist to seemingly recognizable scenery, entrancing viewers by offering something familiar in a new form. Even as they wake, viewers emerging to see the "actual" landscapes of Berlin, presented by Tacita Dean, or Niagara Falls, as captured by Wolfgang Staehle, must guestion their degree of consciousness with the realization that Dean's footage is of the now demolished Palast building and Staehle's Falls—which appear to be a streaming, "real time" view—are not cascading in real time at all, but are actually recorded images that now only continue to exist through film and imagination.

Deborah Horowitz

Based on essays by Kerry Brougher and Kelly Gordon in the exhibition catalogue